



**BARLOW, BURTON SALMON & CHAPEL HADDLESEY  
PRIMARY SCHOOLS FEDERATION**

**TEACHING & LEARNING POLICY**

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Responsible officer			
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Signed:			
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Links to Other Policies	

## **Introduction**

At the Barlow, Burton Salmon and Chapel Haddlesey primary school federation we believe in the concept of lifelong learning and the idea that both adults and children learn new things every day. We maintain that learning should be a rewarding and enjoyable experience for everyone; it should be engaging and fun. Through our teaching we aim to equip children with the skills, knowledge and understanding necessary to be able to make informed choices about the important things in their lives. We believe that appropriate teaching and learning experiences help children to lead fulfilling and happy lives.

## **Aims**

- have a shared understanding of how children learn.
- create the right conditions for learning so that all children may succeed.
- enable children to become independent thinkers and learners.
- use formative and summative assessment effectively to secure the highest standards of personalised learning.
- provide quality teaching.
- identify strengths in teaching and learning and celebrate them.
- identify areas for development in teaching and learning and act upon them.
- have high expectations of standards and achievement.
- develop, monitor and evaluate a range of policies that underpin effective teaching and learning.
- share best practice and engage in on-going professional development and dialogue that promotes excellence in teaching and learning.

## **Planning the curriculum**

A long-term plan has been drawn up by staff to cover each teaching base. This plan works alongside the New Primary Framework to provide a full coverage of subjects and has been planned to facilitate a creative curriculum.

Medium term plans are produced by the staff teaching in each base with advice from subject leaders. They show which topics will be taught, when and how.

Short term plans are produced by class teachers to enable them to deliver what is in the medium term plan. Short term plans will include specific learning intentions, differentiation, showing how the less able and SEN children will be developed and how the more able pupils will be challenged. Short term planning will include consideration of how other adults in the room are to be utilised to maximise pupil progress.

Different resources, learning objectives, levels of support or expected outcomes are means of providing differentiation, as are enabling questions, individual target setting and giving prior knowledge or help about the objects being taught.

## **Learning styles**

We recognise children learn in different ways and therefore plan and deliver a multi-sensory, differentiated approach to engage all learners using auditory, kinesthetic and visual stimuli. A wide range of resources, including those available on interactive whiteboards are available. We recognise multiple intelligences and differing learning styles by providing a range of opportunities for pupils to demonstrate their understanding. These include opportunities for:

- Investigation and problem solving
- Research and finding out

- Group work
- Pair work
- Independent work
- Whole class work
- Asking and answering questions
- Use of the computer
- Fieldwork and visits to places of educational interest
- Creative activities
- Watching television and responding to musical or tape-recorded material
- Debates, role plays and oral presentations
- Designing and producing
- Participation in athletic or physical activity
- Digital media
- Learning through play

Teachers should:

- Seek to inspire pupils
- Challenge pupils and have high expectations
- Plan to use a variety of teaching methods which take into account different learning styles
- Plan the use of resources including additional adults
- Give clear and specific instructions and explanations
- Follow the school policy with regard to discipline and classroom management
- Praise pupils for effort, achievement, good behaviour, and by doing so, help build a positive attitude towards school and learning
- Assess pupils for both summative purposes (to measure how well they have achieved) and on a formative basis to inform future planning

In the classroom you will see:

- A range of adult provoked learning experiences tasks for EYFS pupils
- Time expectations and a good level of learning evidence in children's books
- Differentiation and high expectations
- Questioning to further learning
- Pace of learning (children and adult)
- A range of practical resources to support learning needs
- Effective learning walls
- Engaged children who work well together
- Active learning
- Mini-plenaries to assess, share good learning and motivate children to aspire further
- Clear scaffolding of learning to consolidate

### **Assessment for learning**

Assessment lies at the heart of the process of promoting children's learning. It provides a framework within which educational objectives may be set and children's progress expressed and monitored. This should be done in partnership with the children. Assessment should be incorporated systematically into teaching strategies in order to diagnose any problems and chart progress. It helps the schools to strengthen learning across the curriculum and helps teachers enhance their skills and judgements. Our assessment procedures are free from bias, stereotyping and generalisation in respect of gender, class, race and disability.

Through clear assessment, we aim to:

- monitor progress and support learning
- recognise the achievements of pupils
- guide future planning, teaching and curriculum development
- inform parents and the wider community of pupil achievement
- provide information to ensure continuity when the pupils change school or year group
- comply with statutory requirements

A Learning Intention (LI) is shared (written or spoken) during each session so children understand the purpose of the lesson. At the end, children are guided to assess their progress and discuss, and often record, how they have achieved. Teachers are constantly assessing; they observe, ask questions and work with groups and individuals throughout the day. Work, where possible, is marked alongside the child. Marking is a dialogue and teachers often ask a question or give a challenge when marking written work.

### **Structure of lessons:**

- Lessons will start promptly
- Resources should have been planned and prepared before the lesson
- The lesson will normally be linked to previous learning or teaching
- The teacher will use enabling questions to motivate, stimulate, assess and keep pupils on track
- The lesson should have a good pace and structure to it, activities will vary to respond to children's different ways of learning
- Usually each lesson will have a plenary or/and mini plenaries which will reinforce the learning objective
- Where possible, children's work will be marked with them. Pupil's work will be assessed regularly to inform short term planning and pupil progress

### **Classroom environment**

Our classrooms are attractive learning environments. We continually update displays, to ensure that the classroom reflects the topics studied by the children. We ensure that the children have the opportunity to display their best work at some time during the year. All classrooms have a range of dictionaries and fiction and non-fiction books, as well as working walls relating to Literacy and Mathematics. We believe that a stimulating environment sets the climate for learning, and an exciting classroom promotes the independent use of resources and high-quality work from the children.

All our teachers reflect on their strengths and weaknesses and plan their professional needs accordingly. We do all we can to support our teachers in developing their skills so that they can continually improve their practice.

We conduct all our teaching in an atmosphere of trust and respect for all.

### **The role of parents**

We believe that parents have a fundamental role to play in helping children to learn. We operate an open door policy and we do all we can to inform parents about what and how their children are learning by:

- Holding parents evenings to explain our school strategies for teaching literacy, mathematics and health education
- Sending information to parents at the start of each term in which we outline the topic that the children will be studying during that term at school

- Sharing regular reports to parents in which we explain the progress of each child and indicate how the child can improve further
- Explaining to parents how they can support children with their homework
- We suggest, for example, regular shared reading with very young children, and support for older children with their topics and investigative work.

We believe that parents have a responsibility to support their children and the school in implementing school policies. We would like parents to:

- Ensure that their child has the best attendance record possible
- Ensure that their child is equipped for school with the correct uniform and PE kit
- Do their best to keep their child healthy and fit to attend school
- Inform school if there are matters outside of school that are likely to affect a child's performance or behaviour at school
- Promote a positive attitude towards school and learning in general

### **The role of governors**

Our governors determine, support, monitor and review the school policies on teaching and learning. In particular they:

- Support the use of appropriate teaching strategies by allocating resources effectively
- Ensure that the school buildings and premises are best used to support successful teaching and learning
- Monitor teaching strategies in the light of health and safety regulations
- Monitor how effective teaching and learning strategies are in terms of raising pupil attainment
- Ensure staff development and performance management policies promote good quality teaching
- Monitor the effectiveness of the school's teaching and learning policy through the school self-review processes. These include reports from the subject leaders and the termly headteacher's report to governors as well as a review of the in-service training sessions attended by our staff.

### **Monitoring and review**

We are aware of the need to review the school teaching and learning policy regularly so that we can take account of new initiatives, changes in curriculum, developments in technology or changes in the physical environment of the school.